## Year I-Arithmetic Expectations

This series of documents aims to summarise the number facts, mental calculation strategies and the stage(s) of the progression towards the written methods for each of the four operations.

For each strategy, the concrete and pictorial representations have been suggested. However, to keep the document to a more manageable size, the imagery has not been shown explicitly as this should be found in your school's agreed mental calculations policies.

The strategies used within this document are taken from the Lancashire Mathematics Team Progression in Mental Calculation Strategies Policies and the Progression Towards Written Methods Policies.

See www.lancsngfl.ac.uk/curriculum/primarymaths for the full policies.

Each strategy will require specific modelling (teaching) and sufficient practice for children to develop confidence, accuracy and fluency in performing them.
Children should also be taught when it is appropriate to use each strategy, by looking at the numbers involved and making effective decisions. Again, this is a sign of a child's fluency in mathematics; being able to recognise which strategy best suits a given calculation, rather than always using the same method regardless of the numbers involved.

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| Skills | Examples |
| :---: | :---: |
| Counting |  |
| Count in multiples of 2,5 and 10. | Count from 0 in twos <br> What number would come next in this counting sequence? $0,5,10,15,20$, <br> What number is missing from this counting sequence? $0,10,20,40,50$ |
| Recognise even and odd numbers when counting in twos from 0 or I. | Continue this count: $2,4,6,8,10,12,14 \ldots$ <br> Are these even numbers or odd? How do you know? <br> Continue this count: I, 3, 5, 7, 9, II, I3... <br> Are these even numbers or odd? How do you know? <br> $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Which are the even numbers in this set? } & 5 & 16 & 22 & 47 & 32\end{array}$ |
| Number Facts |  |
| Recall number bonds and related subtraction facts for all numbers to $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\begin{array}{cccccc} 6+4= & 2+\ldots & =10 & 10=\ldots & +5 & 10-3= \end{array} \quad 10-\ldots=1 \quad 7=10-1 .$ |
| Recall doubles of all numbers to 10 and corresponding halves. | $3+3=$ __ double 6 is__ half of 14 is __ halve 8 double__ is $\overline{10}$ |
| Mental Calculation Strategies - Addition and Subtraction |  |
| Count on or back in ones (chain count and link to objects, i.e. I-I correspondence). <br> Concrete - counters, beadstring, cubes on a number track <br> Pictorial - number line | $4+5$ count on in ones from 4 (or in ones from 5) <br> 8-3 count back in ones from 8 <br> $10+7$ count on in ones from 10 (or use place value) <br> $13+5$ count on in ones from 13 <br> 17-3 count back in ones from 17 |
| Reorder numbers in a calculation. Concrete - counters, counters in a ten frame | $8+3$ doesn't need reordering as the greater number is first already <br> $2+7$ reorder as $7+2$ <br> $5+13$ reorder as $13+5$ <br> $11+6$ doesn't need reordering as the greater number is first already |
| Partition small numbers, e.g. $8+3=8+2+I$ and $I I-3=I I-I-2$ <br> Concrete - counters in a ten frame, beadstring <br> Pictorial - number line | $7+5$ partitioned as $7+3+2$ <br> $9+7$ partitioned as $9+1+6$ <br> $6+8$ partitioned as $6+4+4$ or reordered and partitioned as $8+2+4$ <br> $12-5$ partitioned as $12-2-3$ <br> $14-8$ partitioned as $14-4-4$ |
| Mental Calculation Strategies - Multiplication and Division |  |
| Apply counting in twos, fives and tens to solve multiplication problems with a repeated addition context. <br> Concrete - real items to model the context of the problem <br> Pictorial - images of the items in the context of the problem | How much money is the total of six 5 p coins? How many fingers would seven children have altogether? How many boots are lined up after five children take them off? |
| Share an amount into equal parts. <br> Concrete - real items to model the context of the problem <br> Pictorial - images of the items in the context of the problem | A bunch of 20 grapes are shared equally between two children? How many grapes do they each get? <br> Five children are given $£ 50$ to share equally by their grandma. How much money do they each get? |

Separate an amount into equal groups.
Concrete - real items to model the context of the problem
Pictorial - images of the items in the context of the problem

Each sandwich needs two slices of bread. How many sandwiches can be made using 20 slices of bread?
Five seeds need to be planted in each pot. How many pots can be planted if there are 30 seeds altogether?

## Progression Towards Written Calculation Strategies - Addition

## Count on to find the total.

Concrete - ten frames, Diennes equipment
Pictorial - images of ten frames, tens and ones jottings

Progression Towards Written Calculation Strategies - Subtraction

Count the amount to subtract (take away) and count the amount left.
Concrete - ten frames, Diennes equipment
Pictorial - images of ten frames, tens and ones jottings

I3-4 To avoid the need to exchange, it is advisable to use cubes or counters. Count the amount (part) to subtract (take way)


Count the amount (part) that is left.


Progression Towards Written Calculation Strategies - Multiplication


## Decision Making

When calculating, children should ask themselves:

- do I know the answer because it is a fact I have learnt?
- can I work it out easily in my head?
- can I use some equipment or a jotting?

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